HELPFUL HINT
A fundamentals-of-nursing textbook can provide additional information on many of the topics covered in the chapter as they relate to the nursing profession.

MATCHING KEY TERMS
Match the term with the correct definition.
1. ______ advocacy
2. ______ morbidity
3. ______ malpractice
4. ______ neonatal mortality
5. ______ intrapartum
6. ______ ethics
7. ______ lactation
8. ______ negligence

a. Infant deaths that occur in the first 28 days of life
b. Speaking or arguing in support of a policy or person’s rights
c. Negligence by a professional person
d. Time of labor and childbirth
e. Ratio of sick-to-well persons in a defined population
f. Secretion of milk from the breasts
g. Rules or principles that govern conduct
h. Failure to act in the way a reasonable, prudent person of a similar background would act in a similar circumstance

HISTORICAL PERSPECTIVES
Maternity Nursing
1. Identify the three basic principles of family-centered maternity care.
   a. ______________
   b. ______________
   c. ______________

2. Describe each of these settings for childbirth.
   a. Traditional hospital setting
   b. Labor, delivery, and recovery (LDR) rooms
c. Labor, delivery, recovery, and postpartum (LDRP) rooms

d. Birth centers

e. Home births

**Pediatric Nursing**

Answer as either true (T) or false (F).

1. ______ Throughout history, children have been valued and protected by society.

2. ______ During the nineteenth century, the most serious child health problems were directly related to poverty and overcrowding.

3. ______ The first public health program for mothers and children was initiated by Lillian Wald.

4. ______ Hospital policies have changed in response to an awareness of children’s emotional and psychological needs.

**CURRENT TRENDS IN MATERNITY AND PEDIATRIC CARE**

1. How has cost containment affected maternity and pediatric care?

Answer as either true (T) or false (F).

2. ______ WIC provides supplemental food supplies to bottle-fed children but not to breastfeeding mothers.

3. ______ Premature births have increased in the past two decades.

4. ______ African-American women have lower maternal mortality rates than do Caucasian women.

5. ______ Infant mortality rates have continued to drop since 1950 due to better neonatal care.

6. ______ Accidents are the leading cause of death in children aged 1 to 19 years.

7. ______ There is no link between children living in poverty and poorer health outcomes.

**ETHICAL PERSPECTIVES ON MATERNAL AND CHILD NURSING**

1. Four of the most important ethical principles are _______________________, _______________________, _______________________, and _______________________.

LEGAL ISSUES

1. What are the four elements of negligence/malpractice?
   a. ___________________
   b. ___________________
   c. ___________________
   d. ___________________

2. Identify the four requirements for informed consent.
   a. ___________________
   b. ___________________
   c. ___________________
   d. ___________________

SUGGESTED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

1. Gather additional information about one of the health care assistance programs (WIC, Medicaid’s EPSDT program, Public Law 99-457, or the Healthy Start program) presented in this chapter.

2. Research agencies available in your town that offer assistance, such as health care, food, clothing, or emotional support, to pregnant women who are unable to pay for such assistance.

CRITICAL THINKING EXERCISES

1. Share with other students any legal situations you have encountered or read about that have involved nurses and maternity or pediatric clients.

2. Discuss the following situation with fellow students: Sally, who is 23 years old, is 24 weeks pregnant with her first child. She admits to her nurse-midwife that she continues to use several illegal drugs on a weekly basis. What are the nurse-midwife’s legal and ethical responsibilities to the mother and to the fetus?

REVIEW QUESTIONS

Choose the correct answer.

1. Lillian Wald is recognized for which contribution to nursing?
   a. She discouraged the practice of tightly swaddling infants in three layers of clothing.
   b. She initiated public health nursing at the Henry Street Settlement.
   c. She promoted family-centered care for hospitalized children.
   d. She developed infection control procedures in hospitals and foundling homes.

2. Which of the following was identified in the chapter as a societal issue affecting maternity and pediatric nursing?
   a. Fewer children are living in poverty.
   b. Violence in schools has decreased.
   c. Families are the fastest growing group of homeless people.
   d. The number of uninsured American children has decreased.
3. A practice model that uses a systematic approach to identify specific patients and manage patient care is
   a. case management.
   b. the nursing process.
   c. a clinical pathway.
   d. a health maintenance organization.

4. Which statement about family-centered maternity care is correct?
   a. Family-centered care decreases the responsibility of maternity nurses.
   b. Although settings have changed, childbirth is still viewed as a medical event.
   c. Care is adapted to meet the physical and psychological needs of the family.
   d. Maternal-infant bonding is the primary focus of family-centered care.